

TRANSFORMED YEAST STRAINS AND THEIR USE FOR THE PRODUCTION OF MONOTERMINAL AND DITERMINAL ALIPHATIC CARBOXYLATES

ABSTRACT

The present invention comprises a bioprocess for converting aliphatic compounds, of the form $CH_3(CH_2)_nCH_3$ where n=4 to 20, to monoterminal and diterminal carboxylates using genetically-engineered organisms. This invention relates to a process for expressing alkane hydroxylating activity in genetically-engineered yeasts *Pichia pastoris* and *Candida maltosa*. In addition, the present invention describes a process to produce genetically transformed *Candida maltosa* strains that have enhanced cytochrome P450 activity and/or gene disruptions in the β -oxidation pathway.

LAF/bjm